## Circulators \& Indirects..

## What To Use



## Long Ago...



## Brrrrim



## What's The Problem?



- Arithmetic...
- Not enough storage
- Not enough recovery



## What We'II Learn Today..

- Interpret data
- Size pump/pipe
- Options


## Understand The Specs

SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE R/TINGS
ULTRA RESIL VTIAL SERIES

| MODEL | DIMENSIONO |  | CAPAACITY | HEAT EXCH. SURFACE | RECOMM. flow rate | PRESSURE DROP (FEET) | $180^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  | $200^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HT. | DIA. |  |  |  |  | $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $115^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $115^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| SSU-20 | 27 | 19 M | 20 | $15 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 8 | 6.0 | 121 gal | 168 gal | 136 gal | 186 gal |
| SSU-30 | $391 / 2^{\prime}$ | 19 M | 30 | $15 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 8 | 6.0 | 154 gal | 212 gal | 172 gal | 234 gal |
| SSU-30LB | $281 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $231 / 4$ | 30 | $15 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 8 | 6.0 | 169 gal | 234 gal | 189 gal | 257 gal |
| SSU-45 | $621 / 2^{\prime}$ | 19 M | 45 | 20 SQ . FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 212 gal | 292 gal | 237 gal | 322 gal |
| SSU-60 | $621 / 2^{\prime}$ | $231 / 4$ | 60 | 20 SQ . FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 206 gal | 370 gal | 298 gal | 405 gal |
| SSU-80 | 72 | $231 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 80 | 34 SQ . FT. | 12 | 9.1 | 330 gal | 440 gal | 370 gal | 503 gal |
| SSU-119 | $731 / 2$ | 27* | 119 | 34 SQ . FT. | 14 | 11.3 | 423 gal | 564 gal | 474 gal | 645 gal |

${ }^{+}$DOE TEST METHOD BASED ON $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ TEMPERATURE RISE, $50^{\circ} / 140^{\circ} \mathrm{W} /$ BOILER WATER AT $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

| TANK SIZE | FLOOR TO <br> BOILER <br> SUPPLY | FLOOR TO <br> BOILER <br> RETURN | FLOOR TO <br> DOMESTIC <br> OUT | DOMESTIC <br> CONNECTIONS | TEST <br> PRESSURE | WORKING <br> PRESSURE | SHIPPING <br> WEIGHT | 180 BOILER <br> BTU/SIZE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2SU BOILER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BTU/SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

# The Top Chart Giveth... 



| MODEL | DIMENSIONS |  | CAPACITY | HEAT EXCH.SURFACE | RECOMM. FLOW RATE | PRESSURE DROP (FEET | $180^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  | $200^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HT. | DIA. |  |  |  |  | $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $115^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $115^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| SSU-20 | 27 | 19 M | 20 | 15 SQ . FT. | 8 | 6.0 | 121 gal | 168 gal | 136 gal | 186 gal |
| SSU-30 | $39 \mathrm{l} \mathbf{/ 2}^{\prime}$ | 191/4 | 30 | $15 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 8 | 09 | 154 gal | 212 gal | 172 gal | 234 gal |
| SSU-30LB | $281 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 23 | 30 | $15 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 8 | 6. | 169 gal | 234 gal | 189 gal | 267 gal |
| SSU-45 | $52 \mathrm{k}{ }^{\prime}$ | 19 M | 45 | 20 SQ . FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 212 gal | 292 gal | 237 gal | 322 gal |
| SSU-60 | $521 /{ }^{\prime}$ | $231 / 4$ | 60 | 20 SQ . FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 266 gal | 370 gal | 296 gal | 405 gal |
| SSU-80 | 72 | $231 / 4$ | 80 | 34 SQ . FT. | 12 | 9.1 | 320 gal | 440 gal | 370 gal | 503 gal |
| SSU-119 | $73 \mathrm{y}{ }^{\prime}$ | 27* | 119 | 34 SQ. FT. | 14 | 11.3 | 423 gal | 564 gal | 474 gal | 645 gal |

${ }^{*}$ DOE TEST METHOD BASED ON $90^{\circ}$ E TEMPERATURE RISE, $50^{\circ} / 140^{\circ} \mathrm{W} /$ BOILER WATER AT $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
45 gallons on hand!
What's not

## 212 or 292 gallons

 first hour!
# The Bottom Chart Taketh Away... 

| TANK SIZE | FLOOR TO BOILER SUPPLY | $\begin{gathered} \text { FLOOR TO } \\ \text { BOILER } \\ \text { RETURN } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FLOOR TO } \\ \text { DOMESTKC } \\ \text { OUT } \end{gathered}$ | DOMESTIC CONNECTIONS | TEST PRESSURE | WORKING PRESSURE | $\mathrm{SH}^{\prime}$ <br> WEI | $\begin{gathered} 80 \mathrm{BOILEF} \\ \mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{SIZE} \end{gathered}$ | BOILEF VSIZE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSU-20 | 9 | 4 $1 / 2$ | $22^{*}$ | W/ NPT MALE | 200 PS | 150 PS | 60 LBS . | 84,000 | 000 |
| SSU-30 | 9 | $41 / 2$ | $34{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | W/ NPT MALE | 300 PS | 150 PS | 72 LBS . | 102,000 | 100 |
| SSU-30LB | 9 | $41 / 2$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ | W/ NPT MALE | 200 PS 8 | 150 PS | 79 LBS. | 114,000 | 101,000 |
| SSU-45 | 9 | $41 / 2$ | $46^{\prime}$ | \% NPT MALE | 300 PS | 150 PS | 88 LBS . | 141,000 | 161,000 |
| SSU-60 | 9 | $41 / 2$ | 46' | 1" NPT MALE | 300 PS | 150 PS | 110 LBS. | 174,000 | 198,000 |
| SSU-80 | $29^{\prime}$ | 6 | $691 /{ }^{\prime}$ | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT MALE | 300 PS | 150 PS | 141 LBS. | 212,000 | 241,000 |
| SSU-119 | $301 / 8$ | $71 /{ }^{\prime}$ | 66' | 1 M/ NPT MALE | 300 PSI | 150 Pg | 210 LRS . | 289,000 | 301.000 |

## That's IF you have 141,000 BTUH at the boiler!

## The Math

- $\approx 75 \%$ usable


## capacity

- Coil space
- Cold water
- 45 gallons $\times .75 \approx$ 34 gallons available

Indirect Water Heater


## Figuring Recovery



- BTU's \& GPM
- How many GPM with BTUH available?
- Boiler Output $\div$ (8.33 $\times 60 \times 90$ ) or $(45,000)$



## Do The Math!

- $141,000 \div(8.33 \times 60 \times 90)$
$-141,000 \div 45,000$
- 3.13 GPM
- Call it 3 GPM
- 3 GPM $\times 60$ min
= 180 gallons



## S000_,

## 

- 34 gallons stored
+ 180 gallons recovered
= 214 first hour gallons
- $214 \div 60=3.5$ GPM, all day long!

- Big IF!!!!!


## Conditions

- Need 141,000 Net BTUH boiler
- Proper boiler piping
- Pick the right circulator!



## Smaller Boiler? <br> 

- Net boiler $\div(8.33 \times 60 \times 90)$ (or 4,000$)$

ITe.

- 75,000 $\div 45,000$
$=1.67$ GPM
- 1.67 GPM × 60 $=1001^{\text {st }}$ hour gallons recovery


## What Do We Get?

- 34 gallons stored + 100 gallons recovered
- $1341^{\text {st }}$ hour gallons
- < 2¼ gallons per minute

 TIM空

memegenerator.net

- Should be okay...


## Pipe Sizing

Doyour best work.

| MODEL | DIMENSIONS |  | CAPACITY | HEAT EXCH.SURFACE | REOOMM. FLOW RATE | PRESSURE DROP (FEET) | $180^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  | $200^{\circ}$ BOILER WATER FIRST HOUR RATINGS* |  |
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| SSU-30LB | $281 / 2$ | $23^{1 / 2}$ | 20 | SQ. |  | 6.0 | 169 gal | 234 gal | 189 gal | 257 gal |
| SSU-45 | $521 / 2^{\prime}$ | 19 / ${ }^{*}$ | 45 | 20 SQ . FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 212 gal | 292 gal | 237 gal | 322 gal |
| SSU-60 | $521 / 2^{\prime}$ | $23^{1 / 3}$ | 60 | 20 SQ. FT. | 10 | 7.9 | 266 gal | 370 gal | 298 gal | 405 gal |
| SSU-80 | 72 | $23^{1 / 3}$ | 80 | $34 \mathrm{SQ} . \mathrm{FT}$. | 12 | 9.1 | 330 gal | 440 gal | 370 gal | 503 gal |
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${ }^{\circ}$ DOE TEST METHOD BASED ON $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. TEMPERATURE RISE, $50^{\circ} / 140^{\circ} \mathrm{W} /$ BOILER WATER AT $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Recommended flow rate: 10 GPM
Coil head loss 7.9'

## What's That Mean?



- 10 GPM = 1" pipe MIN!
- Keep tank close minimal piping/fittings



## Example



- S\&R piping = 35
- 12 90's @ 2.5' ea = 30'
- $65^{\prime}$ total $\times .04=2.6^{\prime}$

- $7.9^{\prime}+2.6^{\prime}=10.5^{\prime}$ total head


## $007 ? 008 ?$



## 10 GPM @ 10½’

## 0015-MSF-IFC Multi-Speed Circulator

Flow ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ )


## Caveats Galore

- Store @ 1400, mix at fixture
- $90^{\circ} \Delta T$ worst case
- Usage varies



## Temper FI!

## ande

- Tempering valve helps
- Makes tank "bigger"
- $\left(T_{\text {mix }}-T_{\text {inc }}\right) \div\left(T_{\text {stored }}-T_{\text {inc }}\right)$
= Storage Factor


## Create Capacity

- $\left(112^{0}-50^{\circ}\right) \div\left(140^{0}-50^{\circ}\right)$
- $62 \div 90=.69$ Stor Fac
- Usable Cap $\div$ Stor Fac = Tempered Capacity


Nearly 50\% increase!

- $34 \div .69=>49$ gallons


## Let's Push The 'OI Envelope...



- $\left(112^{0}-50^{\circ}\right) \div\left(160^{\circ}-50^{\circ}\right)$
- $62 \div 110=.56$ Stor Fac
- $34 \div .56=60$ gallons

- Same usable capacity as 80 gallon tank!


## One Absolute...



- Gotta gotta gotta use a fail-safe tempering valve!



## Take Aways



- Size pipe to spec
- Pick right pump, speed! f
- Size tank capacity to biggest load
- Watch fixture flow rates


## Formulas...

## 

- Tank capacity $\times .75$ = usable capacity
- Recovery $=$ Boiler Output $\div(8.33 \times 60 \times 90)$ (or 45,000)
- Usable capacity + Recovery $=1$ st Hour
- $\left(T_{\text {mix }}-T_{\text {inc }}\right) \div\left(T_{\text {stored }}-T_{\text {inc }}\right)=$ Storage factor


